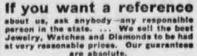
Salt Lake City, Utah, October 2rd

The business of the late John Mc Vicker, Assayer, will be continued by his wife, at his request, under the name of John McVicker Assay Office at 46 Richards St. Mr. Arthur Selby, for three years at the Union office, will act as manager, which will be a guarantee that all work done at the office will be satisfactory

Mrs. McVicker and Mr. Selby ask that all old customers continue their patrogage and solicit new work from their friends.





1906 MODELS.

Prize, Paris, 1900: Double

Grand, St. Louis, 1904. Send coupon below, filled out, to our nearest dealer or to us and get-our Free Trial and Easy Payment Of. fer to responsible parties anywhere in the United States. Don't delay This is your opportunity to secure ab solutely the best Talking Machine e, on payments that will not be We accept old machines in part payment. A written guarantee from the cidest, largest and most success-ful manufacturers of Talking Ma chines in the entire world.

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Folders, Booklets, Etc., Address I. A. BENTON, G. A. P. D., Salt Lake City.

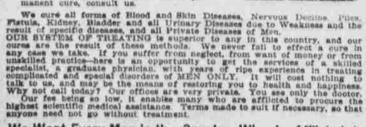
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LAKE MEDICAL INSTITUTE

1591/2 S. MAIN ST., SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

AROUND THE HOUSE

LITTLE THINGS THAT AMOUNT TO MUCH.

Use Hydrogen Peroxide to Remove Blood Stains-Cream of Tartar When Ink is Spilled-Proper Way to Clean Ivory.

Hydrogen peroxide is good for renoving stains caused by blood, but must be used with care. If gravy is spilled on your table linen or gown it may be taken out quickly by the ise of a little peroxide. To avoid weakening the material this should be immediately followed by the use of an alkali. If just removing a spot sponge the fabric first with peroxide until the stain has vanished, then follow with a solution of weak ammonia If you have been unfortunate in stain ing a handsome gown or blouse that cannot be laundered, dampen starch and place it thickly upon the stain When dry brush off the starch. This may have to be repeated several times. Mildew is a stubborn stain Try immersing the spots first in but termilk, or lemon juice, then launde in the usual manner.

It is difficult to remove ink stains nowadays, because modern chemical inks are quite distinct in character from the old compounds. However, many suggestions are offered for removing ink. One way is to cover the stain thickly with cream of tartar, then hold the fabric over a bowl, and pour boiling water through it. If the stain is taken in hand at once it will disappear quickly; if dry and old, it may need several fresh applications of cream of tartar and boiling water. still obstinate, lay the article in the moistening from time to time with the same mixture. Lemon juice and sait is also often an effective mix-The fabric should be placed in the sun. Another remedy for inkstains on white goods is hot tallow. Dip the spots in the melted tallow, let it cool on the goods, then brush off and launder:

To clean lvory that has become brown or of a blackish tint, dissolve rock alum in rain water; boil this and keep the ivory in the boiling solution for about an hour, taking it out from time to time and cleaning it with a soft brush; then let it dry in a damp linen rag, when it will be found thor oughly cleaned. Ivory is often bleached by the simple process of dampening it and exposing it to the rays of the sun, a process which must be frequently repeated.

It is said that potatoes will bake in much less time if the skins are greased before putting them into the oven. The skins will come off more easily and will be as thin as when

It will be economy to finish your sheets with the same width hem at each end. By so doing they can be used either side up, and gain much wear.

Sulphur Apples.

Peel, core and quarter your apples Measure them into a market basket and to each gallon of prepared apples allow one tablespoonful of surphur Put the sulphur into an old tin. this in the bottom of a barrel and drop a live coal upon the sulphur. Hang barrel as nearly air tight as you can Let the apples remain in the sulphur fumes several hours. Then place them in jars and tie a cloth over the top of each jar and your apples are all right. When you want to use them, soak them for an hour or two before using them. Use just like green ap ples.

To Clean White Mackintosh,

Unless extremely soiled a white mackintosh may be cleaned by wash ing with soap and water; but if it is exceptionally dirty dip it first in cold soft water and then lay on a clean table or board. With a soft scrubbing brush scrub with yellow soap on both ides until dirt is removed. Then dip In three or four waters until scap is removed entirely, and hang it up in the air, without wringing it. If the mud stains around the bottom have been in long and are obstinate it is best to send it to an expert cleaner.

Tin and Acids.

No acids should ever be used to elean tinware. The best possible means of keeping it to good condition is to wash it in bolling water until every particle of grease is removed. Once a week it can be rubbed with a little powdered rotten stone and sweet oll mixed and finished with a little whitening on a piece of chamola. Tins that have become old and dingy can be brightened by rubbing with a moist piece of flaunch dipped in saloratals.

A Bride's Aprons.
The most serviceable pieces in one troussean this summer were the overall aprons given the bride by her girl friends at a linen shower. They are of prettily colored linen embroid ered in white, and made to cover the dress completely from neck to hem. They are semi-fitting princess affairs, with wide kimona elbow sleeves, and button in the back with one large button.

Cheese Straws.

One cup grated cheese; add one cup flour, half of a small cup butter and a quarter teaspeonful sait; knead all together until of the right consistency to roll without crumbling; bake.

A Young Composer.

sition on wild flowers in which she praised the arbutus, the liverwort, the spring beauty, the blood root, and all of the other blossoms of dell and dale. But she wrote on both sides of her sheet of paper, and when she asked her father, who was an editor, to publish her article, he called her attention to that fact.

"You've written on both sides of

your paper," said he.

"Well," was the reply, "and don't you prist on both sides of yours?" ALL THINGS IN PROPORTION.

Invalid's Meal Evidently Had Not Increased Good Humor.

For many weeks the trritable merchant had been riveted to his bed by typhoid fever. Now he was convalescing. He clamored for something to eat, declaring that he was stary-

"To-morrow you may have something to eat," promised the doctor. The merchant realized that there would be a restraint to his appetite. yet he saw, in vision, a modest, steaming meal placed at his bedside

"Here is your dinner," said nurse next day, as she gave the glowering patient a spoonful of taptoca pudding, "and the doctor emphasizes that everything else you do must be in the same proportion."

Two hours later the nurse heard a frantic call from the bed chamber. "Nurse," breathed the man heapily, "I want to do some reading, bring me a postage stamp."

HAVE CRAZE FOR FORMULA.

Smokers Follow Fashions in the Use of Tobacco.

"Make me up a package of tobacco according to the formula used by Edwin Booth," said the man with a southern accent. "That is the third man who has asked for that kind of tobacco to-day," said the dealer. "It is strange that people from remote parts of the country as well as New Yorkers make a fad of buying the same brand of tobacco that Booth smoked. And it isn't always the Booth mixture that they want. I have filed away the formulas for mixing the favorite tobacco of many famous persons. Smokers the country over have heard of this collection of recipes and one feature of every man's trip to New York is to try a pipeful of some big man's favorite tobacco. In most cases this special mixture is so strong that the nerves of the average smoker cannot stand it. He has to give up after a few pipefuls and go back to a popular mixture, but he has the satisfaction of having had the experience."-The New York Sun.

St. Louis rejoices in the sobriquet of Mound City from the fact that the original settlers found there many elevations which it is supposed were relics of that strange people who dwelt in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys and are known to modern times only as the Mound Builders. No adequate explanation has yet been found of their strange mode of leaving memorials of their existence. The limestone bluffs on which a part of St. Louis stands furnish a solld foundation for the business buildings.

"Stop!" shouted the man on the country road, holding up a warning Muttering something about rural cops, the automobilist obeyed. "Turn around and come back to town with me," said the stranger.

You were going at least 35 miles an hour. "You're a constable, I suppose," said the automobilist, with a covert sneer,

when they had reached the village.
"Me?" replied the passenger. "N I'm a farmer and had to come into town when all the teams was busy Nice growing weather? Thanks, Good-

Ensuing comment is purposely omitted.-Philadelphia Public Ledger,

Belling a Rat.

You have probably read or heard that the best way to rid a house of rafs is to catch one and fasten a bell about its neck. A boy in Delaware tried the experiment two months ago. was badly bitten in making the bell fast, but he turned the rat loose and expected the tinkling of that bell would have great results. It dld have. In the first place, the rat who wore it was constantly on the move all night. and the tinkling bell kept the family awake, and in the next the sounds brought scores of new rats to the house. Instead of being afraid of the bell, they were charmed with the mu-Had the boy tied a harmonica sie. to another rat's tail, the rodents would have had a dance every night.

She Was Willing.

"Yes," says the husband, "I have consented to accept the nomination. "I am so glad the party is begin ning to recognize your merit," beams the wife

"Now my dear," the busband con tinues. "you know that political affairs are not love feasts, by any means. You must expect to see me vilified and attacked in a scandalous manner. No doubt the opposition will try to dig up sensational rumors about me, and all that sort of thing, but you must not-

"Well," she interrupts, "I am really glad of it. You have always been strangely silent about whether or not you ever were engaged to anyone beThe Way of the Child.

small boy who had recently passed his fifth birthday was riding in a car with his mother, when they were asked the customary question: "How old is the boy?" After being told the correct age, which did not require a fare, the conductor passed on to the next person.

The boy sat quite still as if pondering over some question, and then, concluding that full information had not been given, called loudly to the conductor, then at the other end of the car: "And mother's 31!"

A Definition of Success.

How have the hypothetical scientists and the exponents of unbelief benefited themselves or humanity at large by sowing the seeds of doubt broadcast in the world? The real scientists do not fall in this category, for they are believers in the real sense of the word; they know too much, they have seen too many mysterious manifestations of the Divine creative pow-Now, those who have disposed of the Bible and all evidences of inspiration, have written a great many books and some of them have won what the world at large lightly calls fame. According to the ordinary measures that are applied in such cases, they have been extremely successful, but real success means the benefit of humanity in some form or other. If no such benefits can be shown as the result of their labors, their success is not equal to that achieved by the direst poverty and the deepest ignorance. Chandler, in Uncle Remus' Magazine.

WHEN A "HUNCH" HELD GOOD.

Chinese Laundry Ticket Suggested a Bet on "Wing Ting."

Kay Spence, a well-known horseman of Mexico, Mo., won \$1,000 at the Louisville, Ky., race meeting a short time ago as the result of a "hunch." Mr. Spence has a large breeding stable of "runners" near Mexico, and attends all the big racing events in the country. Not long since he was in Louisville and entered the betting ring to see what odds were being offered on the various entries. found that Joaquin was the favorite at even money, and pulled his wallet from his pocket, intending to bet on that horse. His attention was attracted by something that fell from his wallet to the ground, and he stooped and picked it up. It was a Chinese laundry ticket. He looked at the "books" again and found that there was an entry with a Chinese name, Wing Ting, at ten to one. That set-tled it, for he considered he had received a "hunch" that could not be overlooked. Wing Ting won handily. Needless to say, those who backed the favorite considered Spence the seventh son of the seventh son .- Kansas

"BOO-HOO" Shouts a Spanked Baby.

written regarding the controversy be-tween Collier's Weekly and the Re-ligious Press of the Country and others, including ourselves. Also regard-ing suits for libel brought by Collier's the basket of apples in the barrel and against us for commenting upon its cover as quickly as possible, making methods.

These are his sentiments, with some very emphatic words left out.

"The religious Press owes you a debt of gratitude for your courage in showing up Collier's Weekly as the "Yell-Oh Man." Would you care to "Yell-Oh Man." Would you care use the inclosed article on the "i Hoo Baby" as the "Yell-Oh Man's guccessor' contemporary remarks that Col-

lier's has finally run against a solid hickory "Post" and been damaged in its own estimation to the tune of \$750,000.00." "Here is a publication which has, in

utmost disregard of the facts, spread broadcast damaging statements about the Religious Press and others and has suffered those false statements to go uncontradicted until, not satisfied after finding the Religious Press too quiet, and peaceful, to resent the in-sults, it makes the mistake of wandering into fresh field and butts its rat-tled head against this Post and all the World laurhs. Even Christians smile, as the Post suddenly turns and gives it back a dose of its own medicine." "It is a mistake to say all the World

laughs. No cheery laugh comes from Collier's, but it cries and boo hoos like a spanked baby and wants \$750,000.00 soothe its tender, lacerated feelings.

"Thank Heaven it has at last struck a man with "back bone" enough to call a spade a "spade" and who believes in telling the whole truth without fear or favor.

Perhaps Collier's with its "utmost disregard for the facts," may say no such letter exists. Nevertheless it is on file in our office and is only one of a mass of letters and other data, newspaper comments, etc., denouncing the "yellow" methods of Collier's. This volume is so large that a man could not well go thru it under half a day's steady work. The letters come from various parts of America.

Usually a private controversy is not interesting to the public, but this is a public controversy.

Collier's has been using the "yellow methods to attract attention to itself, but, jumping in the air, cracking heels together and yelling "Look at me" wouldn't suffice, so it started out on a "Holler Than Thou" attack on the Re-ligious Press and on medicine.

We leave it to the public now, as we did when we first resented Collier's attacks, to say whether, in a craving for sensation and circulation, its at-tacks do not amount to a systematic mercenary bounding. We likewise mercenary hounding. We likewise leave it to the public to say whether Collier's, by its own policy and meth I marily by undigested starchy food,

A Doctor of Divinity, now Editor of ods, has not made itself more ridicus such as white bread, potatoes, rice, well-known Religious paper, has lous than any comment of ours could partly cooked cereals and such. make it.

Does Collier's expect to regain any self-inflicted loss of preatige by de-monstrating thru suits for damages, that it can be more artful in evading liability for libels than the humble but resentful victims of its defamation, or does it hope for starting a campaign of libel suits to silence the popular in dignation, reproach and resentment which it has aroused.

Collier's can not dodge this public controversy by private law suits. It can not postpone the public judgment against it. That great jury, the Pub-lic, will hardly blame us for not waiting until we get a petit jury in a court room, before denouncing this prod-igal detractor of institutions founded and fostered either by individuals or by the public itself.

No announcements during our entirbusiness career were ever made claiming "medicinal effects" for either Postum or Grape-Nuts. Medicinal effects are results obtained from the use of medicines.

Thousands of visitors go thru our entire works each month and see for themselves that Grape-Nuts contains absolutely nothing but wheat, barley and a little sait; Postum absolutely nothing but wheat and about ten per-cent of New Orleans Molasses. The art of preparing these simple ele-ments in a scientific manner to obtain the best food value and flavor, re-quired some work and experience to

acquire. Now, when any publication goes far enough out of its way to attack us cause our advertising is "medical simply offers a remarkable exhibition

We do claim physiological or hodily sults of favorable character follow ing the adoption of our suggestions re garding the discontinuance of coffee and foods which may not be keeping the individual in good health. We have no advice to offer the perfectly healthful person. His or her health is evidence in itself that the beverages and foods used exactly fit that person. Therefore, why change?

But to the man or woman who is ailing, we have something to say as a result of an unusually wide experience in food and the result of proper feed-

In the paipably ignorant attack on us in Collier's, appeared this state-ment,—"One widely circulated para-graph labors to induce the impression that Grape-Nuts will obviate the ne cessity of an operation in appendicitis. This is lying and potentially deadly lying."

In reply to this exhibition of-well let the reader name it, the Postum Co.,

Let it be understood that appendicitis results from long continued dis-turbance in the intestines, caused pri-

Starchy food is not digested in the upper stomach but passes on into the duodenum, or lower stomach and in-testines, where, in a healthy individ-ual, the transformation of the starch into a form of sugar is completed and then the food absorbed by the blood.

But if the powers of digestion are cakened, a part of the starchy food will lie in the warmth and moisture of the body and decay, generating gases and irritating the mucous surfaces until under such conditions the whole lower part of the alimentary canal, including the colon and the appendix, becomes involved. Disease sets up and at times takes the form known as appendicitis

When the symptoms of the trouble make their appearance, would it not be good, practical, common sense, to discontinue the starchy food which is causing the trouble and take a food in which the starch has been transformed into a form of sugar in the process of manufacture?

This is identically the same form of sugar found in the human body after

Now, human food is made up very largely of starch and is required by the body for energy and warmth. Naturally, therefore, its use should be continued, if possible, and for the reasons given above it is made possible in the manufacture of Grape-Nuts.

In connection with this change of food to bring relief from physical disorbances, we have suggested washing out the intestines to get rid of the im-mediate cause of the disturbance.

Naturally, there are cases where the disease has lain dormant and the abuse continued too leng until ap-parently only the knife will avail. But it is a well-established fact among the physicians who are acquainted the details above recited, that preventative measures are far and

away the best.

Are we to be condemned for suggest-Are we to be congenies to ing a way to prevent disease by following natural methods and for perlecting a food that contains no "medi-cine" and produces no "medicinal ef-fects" but which has guided literally thousands of persons from sickness to health? We have received during the years past upwards of 25,000 letters from people who have been either aciped or made entirely well by owing our suggestions, and they are

simple If coffee disagrees and causes of the aliments common to some cof-tee users quit it and take on Postum. If white bread, potatoes, rice and other starch foods make trouble, quit and use Grape-Nuts food which is largely predigested and will direct largely predigested and will digest, nourish and strengthen, when other forms of food do not. It's just plain

old common sense.
"There's a Reason for Postum and Grape-Nuts.

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.